

BOND CALL.

The One Hundred and Forty-third Call for Redemption of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—The acting Secretary of the Treasury this afternoon issued the one hundred and forty-third call for the redemption of bonds. The call is for \$15,000,000 of the 3 per cent. loan of 1882, and notice is given that the principal and accrued interest on the bonds herein below designated will be paid at the Treasury of the United States, in the city of Washington, on the first day of November, 1886, and that interest on said bonds will cease on that day, viz: Three per cent. bonds issued under the Act of Congress, approved July 12, 1882, and numbered as follows: \$50, original number 50 to original number 55, both inclusive; \$100, original number 641 to original number 776, both inclusive; \$500, original number 286 to original number 340, both inclusive; \$1,000, original number 2,435 to original number 2,834, both inclusive; \$10,000, original number 7,309 to original number 8,810, both inclusive. Total, \$15,000,000. The bonds described above are either heads of "original" issue, which have but one serial number at each end, or "substitute" bonds which may be distinguished by a double set of numbers which are marked plainly, "original numbers" and "substitute numbers." All of the bonds of this loan will be called by their original numbers only. The three months' interest due November 1, 1886, on the above described bonds, will not be paid by checks forwarded to the holders of the bonds, but will be paid with the principal to holders at the time of presentation. Parties holding bonds called by this circular can obtain immediate payment, with interest to date of presentation, by requesting the same in the letter forwarding the bonds for redemption. A statement prepared by the Treasury Department shows the status of the 3 per cent. loan at the close of business to-day as follows: Total loan, \$305,581,250; redeemed in 1883, \$52,250; surrendered under circular August 30, 1886, \$788,000; circular September 15, 1886, \$596,550; called, \$228,616,250; uncalled, \$75,528,200.

Agricultural Distress.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27th.—Vice Consul Tounhay, at Irwin, in concluding a report to the Department of State upon agriculture in Italy, says the grain growers in that district are reduced to a desperate condition by taxes, high rents and, above all, by competition from the United States. "The Agrarian question in Italy," he says, "is growing to be a great national problem, and as for the last five or six years the cultivation of the soil has been conducted always without profit and just now at a dead loss, the mutterings and discontent in the rural districts are growing alarming. The Italian peasant is helplessly ignorant, and although he possesses the right of being represented in Parliament and insisting upon some legitimate measure of relief, such as the reduction of the heavy taxation under which he specially labors, he cannot extend his vision beyond his field, and his wrath is particularly directed against the landed proprietors, who are seemingly better off than himself, but who in reality have to share the same burdens. It is the old speaker of socialism, and unless a remedy be found, and that quickly, there is a strong likelihood of trouble, not only in Piedmont, but all over this kingdom."

Change in Postal Rates.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The following changes have been made in postal rates: Blank check drafts and similar printed forms, such as deeds, insurance policies, etc., will hereafter go through the mails as third-class matter at the rate of one cent for two ounces. This will include check books or books of blank drafts, but not ordinary blank books, which are fourth-class matter and one cent an ounce. Checks, drafts, policies and other such papers filled up with writing will be charged letter postage.

The numerous strikes which have occurred during the past three or four months have had an effect upon many branches of industry, as far as labor is concerned; and in many instances the hours of daily toil have been reduced, while wages have been materially increased. Trade has also picked up, and a decided business boom is beginning to make itself felt in manufacturing circles. Among the more fortunate classes of labor to enjoy the benefits of shortened hours and increased wages are the iron-workers, cutlers, brickmakers, pattern-makers, plasterers, florists, gardeners, stonecutters, tailors, tanners, watchmakers, waiters, whitewashers, glovemakers, street-car employees, locksmiths, paper hangers and pavers.

The Science of Drinking.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27.—Consul Tanner, of Chemnitz, reports to the Secretary of State that the beer production of Germany in 1885 was 1,100,000,000 gallons, enough to form a lake more than one mile square and six and a half feet deep, or it would make a running stream as large as some of our rivers. He says the consumption of intoxicants in Germany per head is four times as great as in the United States, yet there are a thousand helpless drunkards in the United States to ten in Germany. The difference arises largely, if not entirely, he says, from the manner of drinking in vogue in the two countries. "The science of drinking," he writes, "consists simply in the tardiness of drinking. All drinks are taken sip by sip, half or three-quarters of an hour being consumed for a glass of beer. This is so simple that one is liable to ridicule for laying stress upon it, and yet on this one point hinges, in my opinion, a question of vast importance to Americans. By this manner of drinking the blood is aroused to greater activity in so gradual a manner that there is no violent derangement of the animal economy. By slow drinking the German accomplishes the object of drinking, and gives his animal economy a chance to say, 'hold, enough,' which only slow drinking will do." Mr. Tanner says that since his arrival in Germany he has to see his first glass of water drunk.

California Knights in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Most of the California Knight Templar who attended the St. Louis Conclave, consisting of California, No. 1, Oakland and Golden Gate Commanderies, arrived in Chicago yesterday and were entertained by the local Knights. Members of St. Bernard, Montjoye, Chevalier, Bayard, Apollo and Chicago Commanderies met the visitors at the depot in the morning and escorted them to the Tremont House. In the afternoon they were taken in carriages to parks along the boulevard and stopped at the Washington Park Club House as guests of the club members, where lunch was served. Short speeches and responses were made, and the occasion was most enjoyable. The Commanderies will break ranks here, some going East on a pleasure tour and others returning to the Pacific Coast.

Diseased Cattle in Pennsylvania.

READING (Pa.), September 28.—Pleur-pneumonia is raging with unprecedented violence among the cattle in Limerick township, Montgomery county, as well as in some neighboring districts. Many have died. Dr. Gilbert reported to the State Board of Health eighteen cases in Limerick alone, and told the farmers that the only remedy is to kill the cattle, leaving the State to pay for them. A movement is on foot among the farmers to hold a convention to petition the Legislature to take a more effective measure to stamp out the disease, and, with the Western States, will ask aid from the General Government.

The American Party in California.

FRESNO, September 28.—The State Convention of the American party this evening nominated P. D. Wiggington for Governor; Jackson Temple, Patterson and McFarland for Justices of the Supreme Court; Lieutenant Governor, Frank M. Pixley, of San Francisco; for Secretary of State, Hon. C. N. Wilson, of Los Angeles; for Controller, J. E. Denney, of Tulare; for Treasurer, Geo. T. White, of San Bernardino; for Attorney General, Alfred A. Daggett, of Tulare; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, Ira C. Hoyt, of San Francisco; for Surveyor General, Theodore Reichert, of San Francisco; for Clerk of the Supreme Court, Samuel Frew, of Butte.

The "Unterrified" in Jersey.

TRENTON (N. J.), Sept. 28.—The Democratic State Convention met to-day and nominated L. R. Greene for Governor. The platform indorses the administration of President Cleveland; congratulates the country on the success of the party in reducing taxation and cost of the Government, and expresses sorrow at the deaths of Grant, McClellan, Seymour, Hendricks and Tilden. On the labor question it says that the Democratic party sympathizes with the workmen of the country and recognizes the justice of their complaints against the invidious legislative distinctions which have been made in favor of consolidated capital.

The Battle Mountain Central Nevada

It is thought that the Hon. George W. Cassidy will be the candidate for the United States Senate from Nevada this Fall. Mr. Cassidy is an able man and makes a good representative, and his chances for election would be better than that of any man in his party.

The Governor of Colorado has issued a quarantine proclamation, forbidding cattle from Illinois from being imported into Colorado. Nebraska has also quarantined against Illinois cattle.

Governor Zulick Talks About Gerouimo.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 27th.—Governor Zulick, of Arizona, who has been in this city for some days, is jubilant over the successful termination of the Apache campaign and the removal of all the hostiles from that territory. Speaking of the matter, he said: "For the first time in its history as a Territory, the people of southeast Arizona feel that they can go about their business without carrying Winchester rifles in their hands. They feel at last that life, limb and property in the Territory are safe. Toward this end the civil and military powers have co-operated with magnificent success. At present there is not a hostile Apache left on the White Mountain Reservation. There are 4,200 Apaches on the reservation still, but they are peaceful and industrious, and rejoice with the white people of the Territory that the murderous Indians have been removed. As a lawyer, I don't know of any power the Administration has to condone Gerouimo's many offenses. He should be executed. So should Chatto and the other murderous chiefs. There is an indictment pending at present against Chatto in the courts of Arizona which will hang him. It has been pending for two years. The delay is due to the fact that General Crook and the military chose to use him as a scout."

British Grain Trade.

LONDON, Sept. 27.—The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the British grain trade says: Trade was exceedingly slow but prices were sustained. Sound English new crop wheats were in the best demand. The sales of English wheat during the past week were 52,111 quarters at 30s 9d against 68,538 quarters at 30s 10d during the corresponding week of last year. Flour was of slow sale owing to the large stocks and continued American arrivals. Fine malting barleys are very scarce. The trade in foreign wheats was dragging. The large and rapidly increasing visible supply in America oppresses the trade here. American flour is 3d cheaper. The prices of round corn favor buyers. Oats were in large supply and cheaper. One cargo of wheat arrived, but about fourteen sailing vessels with wheat from Chilean and other Pacific ports are due, and are expected to arrive when the wind changes. The trade in forward is somewhat steadier. At to-day's market there was no improvement in the wheat trade. American and inferior English wheats were cheaper. Flour was dull. American flour in some instances was lower than on Monday. The prices of barley had a downward tendency.

Interstate Law Doctrine.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Acting Secretary Muldrow has rendered a very important decision involving the constitutional provision that "full faith and credit shall be given by each State to the acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other State," carrying out the doctrine that where the courts of one State, having jurisdiction, render judgment, that that judgment is conclusive of all matter determined therein, and is binding on the courts of every other State. Secretary Muldrow extends the exposition of the doctrine to the executive departments. The case comes up upon an important land matter from Louisiana, where the claimant's title to scripts is founded on the decision of the courts of that State upon succession proceedings. The decision is said to be an able one, and is understood to be a reversal of one rendered by ex-Secretary Schurz.

Mr. Stevenson came to the Comstock twenty-six years ago. During that time he has employed thousands of workmen in his mines and mills, and never employed any but Union men at Union wages. This fact, coupled with his generous and forbearing treatment of employees, should make for him a friend of every miner in the State. He has given his time and money at every election to help the Republican ticket; that should make for him a friend of every Republican in the State. He has better administrative abilities than Governor Adams, and more clearly the State's needs and has a better grasp of the means of supplying them; this should make for him a friend of every man who feels lightly the claims of party, but who desires to support the best man.—Enterprise.

The Carson Union says:

There is one fact that goes a great ways, should fair conclude to become a candidate for re-election to the Senate. It is, that he will not be an emissary of the Central Pacific Railroad to capture the vote of Nevada, for the practical release of that company from its enormous indebtedness to the Government. That company not only desires to have the payment of its second mortgage bonds perpetually deferred but to sweep out the United States Treasury surplus in the purchase of the first mortgage in debt, now held by private concerns against that company. Stewart is expected to be the chief agent to accomplish this tremendous scheme.

The White Pine Democrats adopted the following: Resolved, We hereby endorse the official actions of the Hon. James G. Fair in the course pursued in the Senate of the United States, and we commend him to the favorable consideration of the intelligent voters of Nevada as a suitable person to again represent us.

ABOLISHING NYE COUNTY.

The Austin Reveille says:

It is always an unpleasant thing to contemplate the poverty and sparse population of a county or a State. For some time past nearly every Nye County resident we have met has had something to say in favor of abolishing the county government and dividing its vast territory among the neighboring counties. Well informed citizens of the county reason in this way: In 1880 the county had 1,875 inhabitants, including Chinese and Indians. Even this small number has grown less ever since and unless Belmont, Grantsville and Ione revive nothing will be left but a few ranches and Ophir Canyon. Already the county debt is \$60,000, and the taxes gathered barely pay the officer's salaries, leaving little or nothing for a surplus to pay the debt which bears eight per cent. per annum interest. The rate of taxation is \$3 35 already and all oppose it being raised any higher especially as the assessed valuation of the property is now about its actual worth instead of a half or two-thirds as in other counties. These men favor giving Upper Reese River and Snake Valley to Lander County, a part of the southwest portion to Esmeralda and the rest to White Pine and Lincoln. Just how they would divide it has never been definitely stated. It will be readily seen that the portion they would give to Lander is the choicest part of the county and if it were given to the "mother of counties" it would necessitate our assuming at least half of its debt, or \$30,000. We do not like to discuss such a melancholy subject as a county's abolition, but as it will doubtless come before the next Legislature it seems proper that it should receive attention at the hands of the press first and thus be ventilated. Can Lander afford to assume this debt and take upon itself the additional litigation, obligation, etc., for the amount of new property it would receive? This is a selfish but still a natural question to ask. Residents of Austin assert that they favor the formation of Eureka County thirteen years ago because it cost more to keep the eastern half of the then Lander County than they paid into the Treasury and they want to know now if the same objections may not be urged in the Nye County matter. On the other hand Reese River, Grantsville and Ione people say it is a burden to have to go to Belmont on jury or other official duties and half the year they are forced to come around by Austin and then out to the county seat because the roads are impassable over the mountains and this hardship should not be forced upon them any longer. They also urge that to find a jury requires the officers to travel further and at greater expense for mileage, etc., than a trip to Europe would cost. The county property of Nye consists of a Court House, a hospital and the Mountain View mill valued at \$28,300. Last year the number of poll taxes collected were 261 only. The discontented Nye county men understand that Lander's tax rate \$3 60 per \$100 is the highest in the State, but they reason that it will be cheaper for them as well as more convenient to be attached to Lander.

Again the objection is urged that if Lander got the additional territory on the south it would be apt to revive the old scheme of reorganizing "Argenta County" out of the northern part of Lander and portions of neighboring counties, thereby losing for us the Central Pacific Railroad, Battle Mountain and other settlements in the north end. We believe we have stated the situation fairly and leave it with our readers and the press for discussion.

SILVER COINAGE.

The anti-silver press have adopted a new method of approach to the proposition that the coinage of silver by the United States Mints shall be suspended. Almost daily it is announced in the Associated Press dispatches that some leading metropolitan newspaper of the East, heretofore strongly opposed to silver, has come out in favor of bimetallism and then follows a long extract from the article in which the paper mentioned declares itself. But the point to the article is always a proposition that coinage of silver in the United States be temporarily suspended in order to drive Great Britain from monometallism to bimetallism. Should it be dragged into such a proceeding it will take years of work to secure resumption of coinage of silver, and all that has so far been gained for the cause of bimetallism will be lost. As to forcing England into bimetallism—that will be sooner accomplished by the United States consistently following her own policy. No government was ever forced into the adoption of a contrary policy by its previous abandonment by another, nor will England be in this matter. The solution of the silver problem so far as their own people are concerned rests with the United States. This country should have a policy of its own in financial affairs as well as in other economic matters and should follow it to the end just as it has done on the tariff. A high tariff has made America rich in opposition to the most strenuous opposition of Englishmen and their adherents in America, and free silver will add to those riches in opposition to all England can do. The proposition to force England into bimetallism by its abandonment by the United States is just as sensible and practicable as would be a proposition to force her into a high tariff policy by the abandonment of that policy here.

THE REPUBLICAN NOMINEES.

The Carson Tribune says: There probably never was a better State ticket placed before the people than the present one, and if the Republicans of the State stand manfully together there is no possible chance of defeat in November. That all members of the party feel satisfied with the result is ridiculous to suppose, but doubtless when the little disappointments shall have passed away, a unanimity of action will be the consequence, and the glorious old party march on to victory. Let the Republicans of Nevada recollect what was inflicted on the State four years ago by the non-support of the Republican nominees for Governor and take warning; let it be a manly fight, and as they say at sea, "a long pull, a strong pull, and pull altogether."

The State Canvass.

Virginia Enterprise.

The Carson Convention has given the Republicans of Nevada a platform and candidates in whose support they can heartily unite. Perhaps no body of men ever met to perform a great political duty who were less trammelled by pledges and outside influences than were these delegates. Their work must, therefore, be accepted as representing the best sentiment of Republicans throughout the State. Disappointments there were over the defeat of favorite candidates. But every man philosophic enough to be an acceptable delegate recognizes such disappointments as the indispensable accompaniments of a popular convention. Those base arts which majorities sometimes employ to stifle the voice of troublesome minorities were unheard of at Carson.

No caucus is left for dissension; no excuse for apathy. Every man who believes in free and fair elections; every man who thinks that the men who fought to save the Union are more worthy than those who sought to destroy it; every man who desires to protect American manufactures and American labor from destructive competition; every man who believes that American soil should be owned by American citizens; every man who loves his State as he loves his enemies must put his shoulder to the wheel.

For this contest means more than a struggle for the mastery in Nevada. It is, in truth, a part of that fierce battle for national supremacy which is to close two years hence. Everywhere Republicans who were enticed from their allegiance by the lying promises of Democratic platforms are showing their disgust by voting against their new allies. A Republican victory in this State now, and the battle of '88 here is half won. There are more Republicans than Democrats in Nevada. This fact is abundantly demonstrated by recent national contests, when, if ever, voters support principles rather than men. Mr. Adams occupies the gubernatorial chair to-day by virtue of Republican vote. If he occupies it again, it will only be through the aid of men who look upon party treason as a commendable, or, at any rate, a venial thing.

GRAND OPENING OF THE TEMPLE OF FASHION, OCT. 1ST TO 6TH INCLUSIVE.

Mrs. Hessel respectfully invites the ladies of Reno and vicinity to attend the grand opening of the Temple of Fashion at which time she will have on exhibition the largest and most complete stock of millinery goods ever displayed in this city. She also takes pleasure in announcing to her friends and patrons that she has also secured for the coming season an experienced artist whose ability and refined taste will be a guarantee of perfect satisfaction to all.

THE CRADLE.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—In San Francisco, Sept. 27, to the wife of F. D. Staatmiller, a daughter.

NEW TO-DAY.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Congress,

J. H. McMILLAN,

Of Humboldt.

For Governor,

JEVETT ADAMS,

Of Storey.

For Lieutenant Governor,

THOMAS J. BELL,

Of Nye.

For Justice of the Supreme Court,

C. H. BELKNAP,

Of Ormsby.

For State Treasurer,

JERRY SCHOLZ,

Of Washoe.

For Secretary of State,

JOHN T. BRADY,

Of Storey.

For State Controller,

R. SADDLER,

Of Eureka.

For Attorney General,

J. F. BOLLER,

Of Esmeralda.

For Surveyor General,

S. H. DAY,

Of Ormsby.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,

JOHN MCKIERNAN,

Of White Pine.

For State Printer,

HENRY DUFFY,

Of Storey.

For Supt. of Public Instruction,

A. E. KAYE,

Of Eureka.

For District Judges,

A. L. FITZGERALD,

Of Eureka;

H. T. CRESSWELL,

Of Lander;

H. L. RYES,

Of Eureka.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolute y Pure.

This powder is made by a process which is more economical than any other, and is the only one that is pure and free from all impurities. It is the only one that is made in America, and is the only one that is sold in this country. It is the only one that is sold in this country.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

NEVADA THEATER.

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Monday, Oct. 4th, 1886.

First of a 4 weeks' series at the Bush St. Theater, Reno.

MISS BELLA MOORE,

Supported by her own New York Company.

"Mountain Pink."

Reserved seats no. on sale at Post office; dress circle, \$1 gallery, 75 cents; admission gallery, 50 cents.

GRAND BALL,

FEARLESS HOSE COMPANY.

NO. 1.

ARMORY HALL

Friday Evening, Oct. 8th.

Floor 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

Floor 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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Floor 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

OFFICE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE,
RENO, NEVADA, Sept. 28, 1896.

The State Board of Agriculture desires to make public acknowledgment of its appreciation of the valuable services rendered the State Fair by the ladies of Nevada, to whose untiring energy and fidelity the beautiful appearance of the Pavilion has always been due, and the Board hereby tenders its thanks to those ladies who have so largely contributed to the pleasure of all who have ever visited the Pavilion. It hopes that they will spare the time to again come to the rescue, and lend a helping hand toward making the coming Fair all that it should be.

C. H. STODDARD, President.
C. C. SUNDENSON, Secretary.

BREVITIES.

Hyman Fredricks came down from Virginia last night.

The will of the late Charles Becker has been filed for probate.

Newt Evans is putting on another room to his fine residence.

Alvaro Evans has a stitch in his back, and is confined to his house.

C. Derby and R. L. Fulton were passengers for the Bay last night.

Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Wingate, of Carson, returned from the East last night.

Bishop Whitaker and wife, and Mrs. Chester, leave for the East this morning.

Don't forget the Band of Hope entertainment to be given on next Friday evening.

S. Emrich gives for best Rickrack lace trimmed skirt, by girl under 14, an embroidered table cover.

Mrs. Chas. Becker is very thankful to all who aided and sympathized with her in her late bereavement.

There will be a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee at Virginia City on Saturday.

The Central Pacific Road is building 200 fruit cars of an improved pattern, for next season's traffic.

The locomotive which ran off the Solano into the bay at Benicia is at the railroad shops at Sacramento.

During Fair week T. K. Hymers will run hacks for private families; all orders left at the stable office will receive prompt attention.

W. L. Knox is not satisfied with the work of the Democratic County Convention, and will be an independent candidate for District Attorney.

The freight traffic of the Southern Pacific Company has been unusually heavy during the past month, the daily average eastbound having been 123 cars, and westbound 183.

Supreme Chancellor Howard Douglas has appointed Dr. Lewis A. Quernor, of Cincinnati, O., Medical Examiner-in-Chief of the Endowment Bank, Knights of Pythias, from October 1st.

The Fearless Horse Company dance will come off on Friday evening of Fair week, and as dancing will be kept up as long as the dancers desire, everybody can take it in after attending the Pavilion or Theater.

Hon. H. F. Bartine, who was an unsuccessful candidate for the nomination as Attorney General before the Republican Convention last Saturday, will stump late for the Republican ticket during the campaign.

Reno local, it seems, has become popular, and may be kept on the for good. The local makes the between San Francisco and Reno in three hours less than made a overland.

ND or HOPE.—A performance for one of the Band of Hope will be on Friday, Oct. 1st, at the theater on Band of Hope, which will consist of a beautiful little opera for juveniles, entitled, "Babes in the Woods," the following cast of characters:

Queen, Miss Kinkaid
Queen, Miss Kinkaid
Queen, Miss Kinkaid
Queen, Miss Kinkaid

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Queen, Miss Kinkaid
Queen, Miss Kinkaid

WINNEMUCCA NATIONAL BANK.

Capital paid up and the Organization Completed.

The Silver State of Monday says:

The stockholders of the proposed First National Bank of Winnemucca met yesterday and completed the organization, by the election of the following Board of Directors: L. A. Blakeslee, F. D. Sweetser, John Sibbold, E. A. Levy and Geo. S. Nixon. L. A. Blakeslee was elected President, F. D. Sweetser Vice President and Geo. S. Nixon, Cashier. The paid-up capital stock is \$50,000, and the bank is awaiting its charter from the Controller of the Currency, and it will be ready for business about the 15th of October. The bank will occupy the brick building erected by N. Debanco, recently on Bridge street.

Several of the most substantial citizens of the county are stockholders in the bank, and the Cashier, Mr. Nixon, has been engaged in the business for years, and is thoroughly conversant with all its details. It will be a great convenience to business men and the public generally, and its organization furnishes conclusive evidence that moneyed men are satisfied that Winnemucca and Humboldt county will continue to increase in wealth and prosperity.

THE CARSON AND COLORADO R. R.—

The San Francisco Chronicle says it is now pretty certain that the Carson and Colorado railroad is soon to have an outlet in Southern California. It requires but a glance at the map of California to observe the importance of this line, although it has only been considered in a dreamy sort of way until now. Large quantities of ties are on the ground, and as soon as the graders can work on the desert the construction will be resumed. The road has its terminus at Owen's Lake, about ninety miles north of Mojave. It is said that Barstow, on the Atlantic and Pacific, is the objective point of the line, and that it will be reached in the course of the next six months. D. O. Mills is largely interested in the road, which is no small affair. It has nearly 300 miles of track. The first division is from Mound House, Nev., to Candelaria, 158 miles, and the second division is from Junction, Nev., to the California State line, 85 miles, while the third division is from the State line to Keeler, Cal., near Owen's Lake, 107 miles. The railroad company owns valuable mineral deposits, some of which are being evaporated from the waters of Owen's Lake. When the line is completed to Barstow the Carson and Colorado will have direct connection with the southern ports, reaching San Diego over the California Southern, and Santa Monica and San Pedro over the Southern Pacific lines. Mono and Inyo counties anticipate a boom as the result of the proposed extension.

"A MOUNTAIN PRINCE."—Of this fine play, which has been drawing such large and fashionable audiences in San Francisco, and which will be produced here next Monday evening, the San Jose Mercury says:

That the audience present at the California Theater last night appreciated the excellent performance presented was evidenced by the liberal applause bestowed upon the leading actors taking part therein. Miss Moore as the heroine was all that the part required of her, acting with that ease and refined abandon which has made Lottia famous. The story of "A Mountain Prince" depicts life among the mountains, and is full of telling situations. Coupled with her excellent qualities as an actress, Miss Moore is possessed of rare beauty. Of Mr. Varney as "Jack Weeks," we can only say that he played the part assigned him to perfection. Mr. Frank Henning as "Harry Wilmut" also deserves special mention, as does also Miss Midgley as "Nondia." Taken altogether the company is what they are represented to be, first-class artists in their business and should meet with the hearty endorsement of the San Jose theater going public.

THE STATE PRINTING OFFICE.—The Carson Free Lance says:

The State Printing office in this place is a building that would be a credit to any city in the Union. It is of out stone and is in every respect a most substantial structure. It looks as though it would be able to wrestle successfully with a South Carolina earthquake. It is well supplied with presses and material. It has a large press that is run by steam and a small one that is driven by a little water wheel. All the water required flows through a small pipe. There is nothing to do but to turn a cock and the press is going. As much of the work required can be done on a small press a considerable saving will be made through the use of it. The interior of the office is handsomely fitted up and painted, and is well lighted. All is kept as neat as a new pin by State Printer Harlow. All that is required to make the office perfect is the jettisoning off of a room in which to rest proofs, and all other work requiring quiet. Such a room would shut out much of the noise of the presses, and disturbing sounds from the stands of the compositor. Gas is used in lighting the building. The towel is as clean as that of a first class boarding house.

ANGORA GOATS FOR SALE.—Frank McGard, of Paradise, offers for sale 2,000 head of almost pure blooded Angora goats, and 43 thoroughbred bucks. These goats are peculiarly adapted to the climate of Nevada, as has been proved at Bailey's ranch, near Battle Mountain, and their fleeces command a ready sale at from 53 to 55 cents per pound. This is an excellent opportunity for a person desiring to engage in the business to get a new start.

MINING AND STOCK-RAISING.

Reports of the Central Pacific Land Office.

The San Francisco Chronicle says the Central Pacific Land Office is in almost daily receipt of various items of interesting information concerning the development of different portions of the State. There is at present a revival going on in mining affairs. Not only people from this State, but persons from the East are looking to mining rather than to agricultural enterprises as a scheme for making money.

A very considerable number of new quartz mines have been opened on the western flanks of the Sierra, and much land which came within the railroad grant has been abandoned to miners who have proved its mineral character. The greatest activity in this direction seems to be in Butte county, where several new quartz mines are now being worked successfully, some of them paying unusually well. A great many prospectors are out and there will probably be before long new mines added to the list.

Rather gloomy reports are received about the stock interests of Nevada, Utah and the region south, extending into Western Texas, which have suffered this year from the most severe drought which has, it is said, been known. In Eastern Nevada and Western Utah there is not grass enough to feed the cattle, and the alternative has been forced on the owners of cattle either to ship hay to their stock or to transport their stock to grass. Considerations of an economical character have determined many to ship their stock to grass. Close examination has shown them that this is cheaper than to buy hay and feed it to their stock. In consequence there has begun a movement of cattle from Eastern to Western Nevada, where grass enough can be found to put them in condition to withstand the severity of the coming winter. Five thousand head will soon be removed by rail from near the Utah line to the vicinity of the sink of the Humboldt, and a train of thirty cars will be devoted to this business alone. Later in the season all will be transported back to the range from which they came.

THE PENMAN'S ART JOURNAL FOR SEPTEMBER.—In the current number of the Penman's Art Journal, the regular penmanship lesson is given by the editor, D. T. Ames. Thirty years of continuous experience as a writing expert certainly entitles Prof. Ames to speak with authority on this subject. The lesson is of the greatest value to writing teachers, pointing out as it does, the methods by which the best practical results may be secured. It is beautifully illustrated with cuts showing position, a variety of movement exercises, copies for practice, and the admirable new Spencerian Hand Chart. Apropos the lesson is an excellent paper by Prof. Chandler H. Pierce on "Ruling States," embodying many valuable hints to writing teachers. Paul Pastoor, the versatile writer, discusses "Specialists in Art," in his usual happy style. "Interest in Classes," by Will D. Showalter, is both pleasurable and profitable. Prof. Barlow tells how to measure and draw faces, and gives abundant illustrations in point. Many people will read with great interest Prof. Ames' article on "Disputed Handwriting," an expert view of the simulation of handwriting, the detection of forgeries, etc. An admirable paper on "Political Economy," by Prof. W. E. McCord, is supplemented by a handsome engraving showing the topical outline. Prof. F. J. Toland, gives his views in full upon the oblique holder, with arguments against its use; and F. S. Heath, an ardent advocate of Simon pure muscular movement, gives his reasons for the faith that is in him. Many of the best things said by the Business Educators at their recent session appear in this issue of the Journal. There are, besides, spicy personals, educational notes, etc., editorials on timely topics and a variety of entertaining miscellaneous matter. The number is particularly rich in point of illustrations. I. W. Hutton, A. T. Reynolds, and E. K. Isaacs are among the pen artists represented in this department, and the beautiful Grant memorial is reproduced for the gratification of new readers. Ten cents will buy a sample copy of the Journal, or \$1 a whole year's subscription, with valuable premium. Send to D. T. Ames, 205, Broadway, New York.

DICKIE JOSE.—The New York World

devotes nearly half a column in praise of Dockstader's Minstrels and their opening night in that city on the 17th instant. It thus makes mention of Reno's sweet singer, Dickie Jose; The balladists of this company sang beautiful selections in a most charming manner. Harry Pepper, the tenor, McWade, the baritone, and Jose, the phenomenal alto, distinguished themselves in this particular.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.—The Board of Directors of the State Agricultural Society, have appointed J. F. Tripp as Inspector of all stock to be exhibited at the coming Fair.

The Greenville Races.

The Greenville Bulletin of the 25th says:

Wm. Tell, Doncaster and Zero were drawn from the 3 in 5, free for all trot, leaving only Victor to start. This being a "walk over," Victor drew his own and half the entrance money of the others, being \$100.

The two-year-old race, 2 in 3, was then called, entries, E. P. Smith's br. s. Engineer, by Buccaneer, dam by Verano; and Geo. Doherty's br. u. Sparkle, by prompter, dam by Wayland Forest. Both colts are fine travelers and full of promise.

Engineer took the first heat 3:06. Sparkle also took the second heat, Time, 3:03 1/2.

SECOND RACE.

The great running race of the meeting was the next on the programme—2 miles and repeat, purse, \$300. Entries Overland Pat, Snuff Box, Lige Clark, Sooner, Fred Collier, and Lady Foster. The starters were Lige Clark, Fred Collier and Lady Foster. In the first heat Lige took the lead, closely followed by the other two. The first mile was made in 1:48 1/2, the horses running steadily and eliciting the praise of the large crowd in attendance. The second mile was made in 1:50, the two miles in 3:39 1/2. Lady Foster second, Fred Collier distanced. The second heat was no less interesting and hotly contested than the first. Lady Foster following Lige Clark closely. The first mile was made in 1:50 1/2, and the two miles in 3:41 1/2.

THIRD RACE.

The next was a trotting race, 3 in 5, for a special purse of \$300, for Zero, Doncaster and William Tell. This money was the remainder of that in the free for all trot, which was declared off. Zero took the first heat in 2:41 1/2, Doncaster second, Tell third.

The second was won by Doncaster, Zero second, Tell third. Time 2:34 1/2. Zero arrived first in the third heat, Doncaster second, Tell third. Time 2:36.

Fourth heat—Zero first, Doncaster second, Tell third. Time 2:36 1/2.

FOURTH RACE.

A second special race, purse \$135, for Chevalier, Barney Buckskin and Foss, was trotted. The first heat was taken by Chevalier, Foss second, Buckskin third. Time, 2:43.

Chevalier took the second heat in 2:37 1/2, Foss second, Buckskin third. Chevalier also took the third heat, Foss second, Buckskin third. Time, 2:38.

EXCURSION AND PICNIC.—The Congregational Sabbath School have

arranged for a basket picnic to take place on Saturday next, October 2d, at Oneida, on the Nevada and California Railroad. A train of three closed coaches will leave the depot at 7:45 A. M., returning in the evening, starting from Oneida at about 3 o'clock. The children of the school will go free and will receive their tickets at the train before starting. Tickets can be obtained at the stores of C. J. Brookins and Chas. Thurston, also of Mr. Wales Knox. Those desiring to join the excursion should purchase tickets at once, as only a limited number can be sold. Fare for the round trip 50 cents. All should take care to provide themselves with extra wraps to guard against a change of weather and the cool of the evening.

Against Silver.

S. F. Call.

A Washington dispatch says that President Cleveland is making efforts to bring about a suspension of silver coinage. He is reported to be at work on members of the present Congress and to be using his influence to reduce opponents of suspension with others of a like political views, but in favor of the single gold standard. The dispatch is probably an exaggeration of the document. President Cleveland has made one or two blunders on the silver question which he is not likely to repeat. His recommendation that the coinage of silver dollars be stopped was not treated by his party in Congress with much consideration. A counter proposition was made to make the coinage of silver free which had much more chance of success than the Administration measure to suspend the silver coinage entirely. We are now within about a month of the election of a new Congress. In the West and South and on the Pacific the prospects of Democratic nominees would be seriously injured by a widespread belief that the Administration proposed to make the suspension of silver coinage a feature of its policy. The silver battle is more than half won. The conviction that silver cannot be dispensed with without producing a financial crisis of unparalleled severity has become quite general. The gold organs are most apologetic in tone. They advocate the suspension of silver as a means of forcing England and Germany to agree upon a new ratio upon which to coin gold and silver. The out-and-out gold organs—those which favor the exclusive gold standard—are few and far between. There are three or four in New York, one or perhaps two in Boston, one in Philadelphia and one each in Chicago and St. Louis. President Cleveland will hardly take an active part in securing legislation so unpopular as the suspension of silver coinage would be.

The Carson Union says:

Hon. Thos. Wren, of Eureka, is a positive candidate for the United States Senate on the Republican ticket, and if the party is true to its own best interests he can be elected. The Republican feeling against Stewart throughout the State is bitter and is constantly receiving increased numbers who participate in that feeling.

LADIES, LADIES!—Your attention is called to the large and well assorted stock of ribbons that have just been received at Mrs. Hessel's Temple of fashion.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Feb. 21, 1890.

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Finest Wines, Liquors & Cigars

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We have lately commenced the obbing of Wines and Liquors by the gallon, bottle or glass. Bitters, Champagnes and Bottled goods of all kinds, which we will sell lower than ever before sold in town. Call and be convinced.

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